

USN

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

14PHY12/22

First/Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan.2016
Engineering Physics

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least ONE full question from each part.

**2. Physical constants : Velocity of light, $C = 3 \times 10^8$ m/s ;
 Plank's constant, $h = 6.625 \times 10^{-34}$ J.S ; Mass of electrons,
 $m = 9.11 \times 10^{-31}$ kg ; Boltzmann's constant, $K = 1.38 \times 10^{-23}$ J/K.
 Avogadro number, $N_A = 6.02 \times 10^{26}$ /K mole.**

PART - 1

- 1
 - a. Define phase velocity and group velocity. Derive a relation between the two. (05 Marks)
 - b. What is the physical interpretation of wave function? Explain the nature of eigen values and eigen functions. (06 Marks)
 - c. Explain Wein's law and Rayleigh – Jean's law. Discuss their drawbacks. (06 Marks)
 - d. Calculate the de – Broglie wavelength associated with an electron carrying energy 2000 eV. (03 Marks)

- 2
 - a. State Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. Using uncertainty principle. Explain the non – existence of electron in the nucleus. (07 Marks)
 - b. Using time independent Schrodinger's wave equation, obtain the expression for the normalized wave function for a particle in one dimensional potential well of infinite height. (09 Marks)
 - c. The speed of electron is measured to within an uncertainty of 2.2×10^4 m/s in one – dimension. What is the minimum width required by the electron to be confined in an atom? (04 Marks)

PART - 2

- 3
 - a. Explain the probability of occupation of various energy state by electron at $T = 0$ K and $T > 0$ K on the basis of Fermi factor. (06 Marks)
 - b. Define Hall Effect and Hall Voltage. Derive an expression for Hall coefficient. (06 Marks)
 - c. Explain BCS theory of Super conductivity. (04 Marks)
 - d. Find the relaxation time of conduction electrons in a metal of resistivity 1.54×10^{-8} Ω m, if the metal has 5.8×10^{28} electrons/ m^3 . (04 Marks)

- 4
 - a. Discuss different types of super conductors. (04 Marks)
 - b. Explain Fermi – energy and Fermi - factor. (06 Marks)
 - c. Explain failure of Classical free electron theory. (06 Marks)
 - d. Calculate the Fermi velocity for the free electrons in gold. Given $E_F = 5.53$ eV. (04 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.
 2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and/or equations written eg. 42:8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

PART – 3

- 5 a. Derive an expression for energy density in terms of Einstein's coefficients. (08 Marks)
 b. Explain the construction and working of carbon dioxide laser device. (08 Marks)
 c. The attenuation of light in an optical fiber is 3.6 dB/km. What fraction of its initial intensity remains after i) 1 km ii) after 3 km. (04 Marks)
- 6 a. What is Total internal reflection? Derive an expression for acceptance angle of an optical fiber. (08 Marks)
 b. Discuss different types of optical fibres. (06 Marks)
 c. An optical fiber has a numerical aperture of 0.32. The refractive index of cladding is 1.48. Calculate the refractive index of the core, the acceptance angle of the fiber and the fractional index change. (06 Marks)

PART – 4

- 7 a. Obtain the expression for inter planar spacing of a cubic crystal. (05 Marks)
 b. Calculate the atomic packing factor for SC, FCC and BCC lattices. (06 Marks)
 c. Write a note on Perovskite structure. (06 Marks)
 d. A sodium chloride crystal is used as a diffraction grating with X – rays. For the d_{111} spacing of the chloride ions the angle of diffraction 2θ is 27.5° . If the lattice constant of the crystal is 0.563nm, what is the wavelength of X – rays? (03 Marks)
- 8 a. What is Bragg's law? Explain how Bragg's spectrometer is used for determination of interplanar spacing in a crystal. (08 Marks)
 b. Discuss the principle and working of Liquid Crystal Display. (08 Marks)
 c. Draw (100) , (110), (011) and (111) planes in a Simple cubic crystal. (04 Marks)

PART – 5

- 9 a. Distinguish acoustic, subsonic and supersonic waves. (04 Marks)
 b. Explain the preparation of nano structure using Sol – Gel method. (06 Marks)
 c. Write a note on Carbon Nanotubes. (06 Marks)
 d. What are Shock waves? Mention few applications of Shock wave. (04 Marks)
- 10 a. Explain the principle, construction and working of Reddy Shock tube. (08 Marks)
 b. Explain the preparation of nano structures using Top – Down approach method. Mention any two properties of nano materials. (06 Marks)
 c. Explain the construction and working of Scanning Electron Microscope. (06 Marks)
